## Baggage Inspection Required for Travelers Going From Puerto Rico to the U.S. Mainland

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) prohibits or restricts the movement of many agricultural products from Puerto Rico to the U.S. mainland. These products include certain pork and pork products, most fresh fruits and vegetables, and certain types of plants and flowers. That's because these items could harbor a dangerous stowaway—an invasive pest or disease. Just one piece of fruit or a single plant that is carrying an invasive pest or disease could cause millions of dollars in damage, expensive eradication efforts, and lost trade revenue.

To prevent the spread of invasive pests and diseases, APHIS inspects all passenger bags moving from

Puerto Rico to the U.S. mainland at the airport prior to your departure. Please be prepared to open and close your own bags. If you have any fresh fruits or vegetables, plants, flowers, souvenirs made from plants or wood, pork products, or other agricultural products with you, please tell the inspector. Failure to declare these items can result in delays and possible issuance of civil penalties ranging from \$100 to \$1,000 per violation. In addition, if you wish to ship or mail agricultural items that are allowed into the U.S. mainland, they must be inspected and/or certified by APHIS before you take them to an airline cargo office, the post office, or other courier service.

## Agricultural Items From Puerto Rico Allowed into the U.S. Mainland After Inspection

- Allium spp. (includes onion, garlic, and chives)
- Amaranth, Amaranthus spp. (leaf, stem)
- Anise
- Annona spp. (leaf)
- Arracacia xanthorrhiza
- Arrowroot
- Artichoke, Jerusalem
- Asparagus
- Avocado
- Baked goods containing pork or pork products (including those cooked in lard) that are commercially packaged and labeled and are shelf stable without refrigeration
- Balsam apple
- Bamboo shoots
- Banana (fruit, leaf without stalk or midrib)
- Basil

- Bay leaves, laurel
- Beans, shelled (faba, lima, string)
- Beans, in pods (faba, lima, string)—have geographic restrictions. For more information, please contact USDA's offices using the telephone numbers listed on next page.
- Beet
- Bitter melon
- Brassica oleracea

   (includes cabbage,
   broccoli, brussels
   sprouts, cauliflower,
   kale, and collards)
- Breadfruit, Artocarpus spp.
- Breadnut
- Cacao bean pod
- Canned pork meat/meat products
- Cannonball fruit
- Cantaloupe

- Carrot
- Cassava
- Celery
- Chamomile, Anthemis spp.
- Chayote
- Chervil
- Chickory
- Chinese waternut
- Chrysanthemum spp. (leaf, stem)
- Cilantro
- Citrus, fresh fruit (grapefruit, orange, lemon, lime)
- Coconut (without husk)
- Collard
- Corn (on the cob only)
- Cornsalad, Vallerianella spp.
- Cucumber (includes Angola cucumber, Sicania odorata)

- Cyperus corn
- Dandelion greens (leaf, stem)
- Dasheen, Colocasia, Caladium spp., and Xanthosoma spp.
- Eggs
- Eggplant
- Endive
- Ethrog (fruit)



- False coriander
- Fennel
- Flowers (fresh, cut, or dried)
- Genip
- Ginger root
- Gourd
- Guava (leaf)
- Herbs (dried or cured)
- Honeydew melon
- Horseradish, Armoracia spp.
- Indigo, Indigofera spp.
- Insects (dried or preserved)
- Jackfruit
- Kale
- Kudzu—if not seed, tuberous roots, or stems with node (must not be capable of propagation)
- Lambsquarter
- Lemongrass,Cymbopogon citratus
- Leren

- Lettuce
- Lily bulb, edible
- Lotus root
- Maguey
- Mangosteen
- Marjoram, Origanum spp. (leaf, stem)
- Mint, Mentha spp.
- Mushrooms
- Mustard greens
- Oregano, Origanum spp. (leaf, stem)
- Palm heart
- Papaya
- Parsley
- Parsnip
- Pepper
- Peas, Pisum sativum (in pod or shelled)
- Pet birds<sup>1</sup>
- Pineapple
- Plantain (fruit, leaf without stalk or midrib)

- Plant cuttings and plants without soil
- Pokeweek greens (leaf, stem)
- Potato
- Pumpkin
- Purslane
- Radish
- Rhubarb
- Rosemary (leaf)
- Rutabaga
- St. John's bread
- Salsify
- Savoy
- Snail shells (if empty and thoroughly cleaned)
- Sorrel, Rumex spp.
- Spinach
- Squash
- Stinking-toe (pod)
- Strawberry
- Sweet potato (leaf only)
- Swiss chard

- Tamarind bean pods
- Taro, Colocasia and Caladium spp.
- Tarragon
- Thyme
- Tomato
- Truffle
- Turnip
- Vegetable marrow
- Water chestnut
- Watercress
- Watermelon
- Yam, Dioscorea spp.
- Yautia (tanier), Xanthosoma spp.

Note: Commercially canned and thoroughly cooked foods are permitted.
Thoroughly cooked pork and pork products must be commercially packaged and labeled and shelf stable without refrigeration. All permissible agricultural products are subject to inspection.

## Agricultural Items From Puerto Rico Not Allowed into the U.S. Mainland

- Cactus
- Citrus and citrus-related plants
- Citrus leaves (fresh)
- Cotton, cotton cuttings
- Fruits (fresh)—all fruits are prohibited except those on preceding list
- Handicrafts made from Palm fronds
- Insects (live)
- Pigeon Peas (fresh)
- Plants in soil

- Pork and pork products not listed above
- Seed cotton and cottonseed
- Snails (land)
- Seeds or nuts (pulpy)
- Soil
- Sugarcane
- Turmeric (Curcuma longa)
- Sweet potato
- Vegetables (fresh) all vegetables are prohibited except those on preceding list

## For More Information

Lists are subject to change. For the most up-to-date information, call the USDA office at the airport:

Aguada: (787) 986-7280 Aguadilla: (787) 931-7900

Carolina: (787) 710-7282, (787) 710-7443,

or (787) 710-7339

Ponce: (787) 709-4957 San Juan: (787) 919-0585

For more information, please visit APHIS' website at www.aphis.usda.gov/travel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Entry requirements vary depending on the origin of the bird. For details, visit www.aphis.usda.gov/aphis/pet-travel.